

annual report 2009

## Notice Of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Sixteenth Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Rex Industry Berhad will be held at Balau Room, Level 2, Sunway Hotel Seberang Jaya, No. 11, Lebuh Tenggiri Dua, Pusat Bandar Seberang Jaya, Seberang Jaya, 13700 Prai, Penang on Tuesday, 29 June 2010 at 10.00 a.m.

#### **AGENDA**

#### **As Ordinary Business**

- 1 To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors theron. (Ordinary Resolution 1)
- 2 To approve the payment of a first and final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share of RM1.00 each less income tax at 25% for the year ended 31 December 2009. (Ordinary Resolution 2)
- 3 To approve the payment of Directors' fees totalling RM99,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009.

(Ordinary Resolution 3)

- 4 a) To re-elect the following Director retiring pursuant Article 69 of the Company's Articles of Association and who, being eligible offer himself for re-election.
  - (i) Mr.Lee Soo Keat (Ordinary Resolution4)
  - b) To re-elect the following Directors retiring pursuant Article 64 of the Company's Articles of Association and who, being eligible offer themselves for re-election:-
    - (i) Dato'Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail

(Ordinary Resolution 5)

(ii) Mr.Lee Hee Thiam

(Ordinary Resolution 6)

5 To re-appoint Messrs. KPMG as Auditors of the Company for the ensuing year and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Ordinary Resolution 7)

#### **As Special Business**

6 To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification the following resolutions:-

#### a) Authority to issue shares

(Ordinary Resolution 8)

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, and approvals from the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and other relevant government/regulatory authorities where such authority shall be necessary, the Board of Directors be authorized to issue and allot shares in the Company from time to time until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Board of Directors may, in its absolute discretion, deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued shall not exceed ten per centum (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being, and that the Board of Directors be empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation of the additional shares so issued on the Bursa Securities."

#### b) Proposed Amendement to the Articles of Association of the Company

(Special Resolution 1)

"THAT the following amendment to the Articles of Association of the Company be and is hereby approved."

#### Article 108 Payment by post and discharge

#### Existing

Any dividend, interest, or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the Dividend represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that the endorsement thereon has been forged. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money thereby represented.

#### New

#### Article 108 Mode of payment

Any dividend, interest, or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or to such person and to such address as the holder may in writing direct or electronic transfer or remittance to such account as designated by such holder or the person entitled to such payment, if several persons are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons or to such person and to such address as such persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant or electronic transfer or remittance shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the Dividend represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or that the endorsement thereon has been forged. Every such cheque or warrant or electronic transfer or remittance shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money thereby represented.

7 To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Act, 1965.



## Notice Of Annual General Meeting

(Cont'd)

#### NOTICE OF DIVIDEND ENTITLEMENT AND PAYMENT

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that a first and final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share of RM1.00 each less income tax at 25% for the financial year ended 31 December 2009, if approved by the shareholders at the Sixteenth Annual General Meeting, will be paid on 17 September 2010 to the depositors registered in the Record of Depositors of the Company on 23 August 2010.

A Depositor shall qualify for entitlement to the Dividend in respect of:

- a) Shares transferred into the depositor's securities account before 12.30 p.m. on 23 August 2010 in respect of ordinary transfer; and
- b) Shares bought on the Bursa Securities on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of the Bursa Securities.

By Order of the Board

KELSOM BEE BINTI ALI LS 03815 Company Secretary Penang

Date: 2 June 2010

#### Notes:-

- 1. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company and the provisions of Section 149 (1) (b) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- 2. For a proxy to be valid, the proxy form duly completed must be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Plot 125, Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5, 14100 Simpang Ampat, Seberang Perai Tengah, Pulau Pinang, not less than fortyeight (48) hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 3. A member shall be entitled to appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting, provided that the provisions of Section 149(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965 are complied with.
- 4. Where a member appoints up to two (2) proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings to be represented by each porxy.
- 5. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 6. If the appointor is a corporation, this form must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS**

- 1) The Ordinary Resolution No. 8, if passed, will give the Directors of the Company authority to issue and allot shares up to an amount not exceeding ten per centum (10%) of the total issued capital of the Company for the time being for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company. In order to avoid any delay and costs involved in convening a general meeting, it is appropriate to seek shareholders' approval. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting.
- 2) The Special Resolution 1, if passed, will amend the Articles of Association of the Company to comply with the provisions of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia

Securities Berhad.



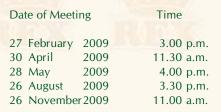
# Statement Accompanying Notice Of Annual General Meeting

- 1. Directors who are standing for re-election
  - a) Pursuant to Article 69 of the Company's Articles of Association
    - i) Mr. Lee Soo Keat
  - b) Pursuant to Article 64 of the Company's Articles of Association
    - i) Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail
    - ii) Mr. Lee Hee Thiam
- 2. Details of attendance of Directors at Board Meeting

There were five Board Meeting held during the financial year ended 31 December 2009 and the attendance of the Directors are set out on page 9 of the 2009 Annual Report.

3. Date and Time of Board Meetings

During the financial year ended 31 December 2009 a total of Five (5) Board Meeting were held and the date and time of the Board Meetings held was as follows:



4. The Sixteenth Annual General Meeting of Rex Industry Berhad:

Place: Balau Room, Level 2, Sunway Hotel Seberag Jaya, No.11, Lebuh Tenggiri Dua, Pusat Bandar Seberang Jaya, Seberang Jaya, 13700 Prai, Penang.

Date: 29 June 2010

Time: 10.00 a.m.

5. Further details of Directors who are standing for re-election

Details of Directors who are standing for re-election are set out in the Profile of Directors on pages 6 to 7 of the Annual Report.





## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

- Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail CHAIRMAN
- Lee Hee Thiam MANAGING DIRECTOR
- Lee Chai Seng (Resigned on 9 March 2010)
- Lee Hee Hong
- Lee Sew Keng
- Tang Yin Kham
- Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff
- Lee Soo Keat (Appointed on 9 March 2010)

#### **SECRETARY**

- Kelsom Bee Binti Ali

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

- Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail CHAIRMAN
- Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff
- Tang Yin Kham

#### **AUDITORS**

- KPMG, Penang

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

- Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

#### **BANKERS**

- HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad
- Alliance Bank Berhad
- Malayan Banking Berhad
- United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad
- EON Bank Berhad

#### **SOLICITORS**

- KC Lee and Partners

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

- Plot 125, Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5, 14100, Simpang Ampat,

Seberang Perai Tengah, Penang, Malaysia.

Tel: 604 5088 288 Fax: 604 5088 566

#### **REGISTRARS**

- Symphony Share Registrars Sdn. Bhd. Level 6, Symphony House, Pusat Dagangan Dana 1, Jalan PJU 1A/46,

47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

Tel: 603 7841 8000 Fax: 603 7841 8151





### **Profile Of Directors**



Chairman, Non-Executive Independent Director

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail, aged 67, a Malaysian, is the Chairman and a non-executive director. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee. He is a politician and has been a Senator in the Dewan Rakyat from 1991 to 1996. Prior to being a Senator, he was a Councillor of the Penang Municipality Council from 1987 to 1990. He also represents Yayasan Bumiputera Pulau Pinang as nominee director on several of the Yayasan's subsidiaries. He is the Chairman of Yayasan Bina Ilmu Pulau Pinang. Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail was appointed as Chairman and Board of the company on 26 August 1995. He also holds directorships in several other private limited companies.

#### Lee Hee Thiam

**Executive Non-Independent Director** 

Mr. Lee Hee Thiam, aged 52, a Malaysian, has been the Group Managing Director of the company since 26 August 1995. He was the Managing Director for Rex Canning Co Sdn Bhd from 1990 and the General Manager of the same company from 1985. After obtaining his Degree in Accountancy and Master Degree in Finance from Louisiana State University in USA, he joined Rex Canning in 1983. He also sits on the Board of the company's subsidiaries and several other private limited companies.

#### Lee Chai Seng (Resigned on 9 March 2010)

**Executive Non-Independent Director** 

Mr. Lee Chai Seng, aged 67, a Malaysian, is the executive director of the company. He has been the Chairman of Rex Canning Co Sdn Bhd since 1990 when the company's founder, Mr. Lee Ah Hoon retired. He has been the director of Rex Canning since, incorporation in 1972 and has the most extensive and longest experience in canning business among the directors of the company. He also sits on the Board of the company's subsidiaries and several other private limited companies. Mr. Lee was appointed to the Board of the company on 26 August 1995.

#### Lee Hee Hong

**Executive Non-Independent Director** 

Mr. Lee Hee Hong, aged 49, a Malaysian, has been the executive director of the company since 26 August 1995. He is the General Manager of the Rex Canning Co Sdn Bhd since 1990. He joined the company in 1986, upon graduating from Louisiana State University in USA with a Degree in Electrical Engineering. He also sits on the Board of the company's subsidiaries and several other private limited companies.

#### Lee Sew Keng

**Executive Non-Independent Director** 

Ms. Lee Sew Keng, aged 54, a Malaysian. She has been with the Rex Canning Co Sdn Bhd since 1978. She worked her way up from the production floor and has very good knowledge of the internal working of the Company. She has been the Executive Director of the Company since 26 August 1995 and she also sits on the Board of the company's subsidiaries and several other private limited companies

#### Lee Soo Keat (Appointed on 9 March 2010)

**Executive Non-Independent Director** 

Mr. Lee Soo Keat, aged 34, a Malaysian is the executive director of the company. He was the marketing officer for Rex Canning Co Sdn Bhd from 2001 to 2002 and the manager of Fika Foods Corporatron Sdn Bhd since 2002. He graduated from Southern Illinois University, USA with a Bachelor of Marketing and Management. He was appointed to the Board of the company on 9 March 2010.







#### Tang Yin Kham

Non-Executive Independent Director

Ms. Tang Yin Kham aged 59, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the company on 11 March 1996. She is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, UK, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Taxation and Financial Planning Association of Malaysia. She has more than 30 years of exposure in public accounting sector and currently she is a partner of a Chartered Accountant Firm in Malaysia. She also sits on the Board of Wong Engineering Corporation Berhad, Eonmetall Group Berhad and several private limited compaines.

#### Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff

Non-Executive Independent Director

Encik Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff, aged 38, a Malaysian, was appointed to the Board of the company on 22 April 1996. He graduated from United Kingdom with a Bachelor of Accounting and Management Control. He is currently executive directors of several private limited companies.

#### Notes:

Name of Director	Family Relationships	Convictions for Offences within the past 10 years other than Traffic Offences
1. Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail	None	N/A
2. Lee Hee Thiam	Brother of Lee Chai Seng, Lee Hee Hong and Lee Sew Keng	N/A
3. Lee Chai Seng	Brother of Lee Hee Thiam, Lee Hee Hong and Lee Sew Keng	N/A
4. Lee Hee Hong	Brother of Lee Chai Seng, Lee Hee Thiam and Lee Sew Keng	N/A
5. Lee Sew Keng	Sister of Lee Chai Seng, Lee Hee Thiam and Lee Hee Hong	N/A
6. Tang Yin Kham	None	N/A
7. Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff	None	N/A
8. Lee Soo Keat	Son of Lee Chai Seng	N/A

ii) Other than disclosed in the financial statements, there is no other conflict of interest that the directors have with the Group.

iii) There were no material contract entered into by the Group involving directors and major shareholders of Rex Industry Berhad.



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### Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors fully appreciates the importance of adopting high standards of corporate governance within the Group. The Board views corporate governance as synonymous with three key concepts; namely transparency, accountability as well as corporate performance.

As such, the Board strives to adopt the substance behind corporate governance prescriptions and not merely the form. The Board is thus fully committed to the maintenance of high standards of corporate governance by supporting and implementing the prescriptions of the principles and best practices set out in Parts 1 and 2 of the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance respectively.

The Board is pleased to provide the following statement, which outlines the main corporate governance practices that were in place throughout the financial year, unless otherwise stated.

#### Compliance statement

Except for the following, the Group has substantially complied with the best practices of the Code throughout the year. The reasons for such non-compliance are specified.

- The Board has not developed position descriptions for each member of the Board. The Board recognizes the importance for such a description and role identification and is taking action to adopt a Board Charter to implement them.
- The Board has not nominated a senior Independent Non-executive Director. Given the current composition of the Board where there is a strong independent element and the separation of the roles of Chairman and the Group Managing Director, the Board is of the opinion that such nomination is not necessary.
- A formal and written enterprise risk management framework has not been implemented. The Board, in its normal function and via the reports of the Audit Committe, has been able to identify business risks and ensure that these risks are being monitored and managed. The Board however recognises that a written and more structured risk management program is required and is taking steps to establish such a program.

#### **Principles statement**

The following statement sets out how the Company has applied the principles in Part 1 of the Code. The principles are dealt with under the following headings: Board of Directors, Directors' remuneration, Shareholders and Accountability and audit.

#### A. Board of Directors

#### **Board responsibilities**

The Group acknowledges the pivotal role played by the Board of Directors in the stewardship of its direction and operations, and ultimately the enhancement of long-term shareholder value. To fulfil this role, the Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Group, including its strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals.

#### Meetings

The Board ordinarily meets at least four (4) times a year at quarterly intervals with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between the scheduled meetings. During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board met on five (5) occasions; where it deliberated upon and considered a variety of matters including the Group 's financial results, major investments and the business plan and direction of the Group. The Board receives documents on matters requiring its consideration prior to and in advance of each meeting. All proceedings from the Board meetings are minuted and signed by the Chairman of the meeting.



## Corporate Governance Statement

Details of each existing Director 's meeting attendances are as follows:

Name	Attendance
Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail	5/5
Lee Hee Thiam	5/5
Lee Chai Seng	3 / 5
Lee Hee Hong	4/5
Lee Sew Keng	4 / 5
Tang Yin Kham	5 / 5
Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff	5 / 5
Lee Soo Keat	0/0

#### **Board Committees**

The Board of Directors delegates certain responsibilities to the Audit Committee, in order to enhance business and operational efficiency as well as efficacy. The Audit Committee has written terms of reference and operating procedures, and the Board receives the outcome of the Committee meetings and such reports are incorporated in the minutes of the full Board meeting.

#### **Board Balance**

As at the date of this statement, the Board consists of seven (7) members; comprising one (1) independent non-executive Chairman, two (2) independent non-executive Directors and four (4) executive Directors. A brief profile of each Director is presented on pages 6 to 7 of this annual report.

The concept of independence adopted by the Board is in tandem with the definition of an independent Director in Section 1.01 of the Listing Requirements of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (BMSB). The key elements for fulfilling the criteria are the appointment of an independent Director who is not a member of management (a non-executive Director) and who is free of any relationship which could interfere with the exercise of independent judgement or the ability to act in the best interests of the Company. The Board complies with paragraph 15.02 of the Listing Requirements which requires that at least two Directors or one-third of the Board of the Company, whichever is the higher, are independent Directors.

The Directors, with their different backgrounds and specialisations, collectively bring with them a wide range of experience and expertise in areas such as finance, corporate affairs, marketing and operations. The executive Directors in particular are responsible for implementing the policies and decisions of the Board, overseeing the operations as well as co-ordinating the development and implementation of business and corporate strategies. The independent non-executive Directors bring to bear objective and independent judgement to the decision making of the Board and provide a capable check and balance for the executive Directors. The non-executive Directors contribute significantly in areas such as policy and strategy, performance monitoring, allocation of resources as well as improving governance and controls. Together with the executive Directors who have intimate knowledge of the business, the Board is constituted of individuals who are committed to business integrity and professionalism in all its activities.

There is a clear division of responsibilities at the head of the company to ensure a balance of authority and power. The Board is led by Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail as the independent non-executive Chairman and the executive management of the Company is led by Mr. Lee Hee Thiam, the Group Managing Director.

The Board is satisfied that the current Board composition fairly reflects the investment of minority shareholders in the Company.



## Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

#### Supply of information

The Chairman ensures that all Directors have full and timely access to information with Board papers distributed in advance of meetings. Every Director has also unhindered access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board believes that the current Company Secretary is capable of carrying out her duties to ensure the effective functioning of the Board. In the event that the Company Secretary fails to fulfil her functions effectively, the terms of appointment permits her removal and appointment of a successor only by the Board as a whole.

Prior to the meetings of the Board and the Board Committees, Board papers which include the agenda and reports relevant to the issues of the meetings were circulated to all the Directors.

#### Directors' training

The Board as a whole recruits to the Board only individuals of sufficient caliber, knowledge and experience to fulfill the duties of a Director and to contribute to the success of the Company. As at the date of this statement, all the Directors have attended and completed the Mandatory Accreditation Programme (MAP) conducted by the Research Institute of Investment Analysis Malaysia (RIIAM). The Directors on their own also attended Continue Education Programmes ("CEP") in year 2009 which were organized by Inland Revenue Department, Malaysian Institute of Accountants, Federation of Manufactures of Malaysia and private training consultants. The Directors will continue to undergo other relevant training programmes including the CEP to further enhance their kills and knowledge where relevant.

#### Re-election

The Articles of Association provide that at the first Annual General Meeting of the Company, all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the Annual General Meeting in every subsequent year, one third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three (3) or a multiple of three (3), then the number nearest one third shall retire from office. An election of Directors shall take place each year and all the Directors shall retire from office at least in each three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election.

Directors over seventy (70) years of age are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually in accordance with Section 129 (6) of the Companies Act, 1965.

The Company Secretaries will ensure that all information necessary is obtained, as well as all legal and regulatory obligations are met before appointments are made.

#### B. Directors' remuneration

#### Remuneration committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 29 May 2002 and comprised the following members :-

Tang Yin Kham - Non-Executive Independent Director
Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff - Non-Executive Independent Director
Lee Hee Thiam - Executive Non-Independent Director

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for recommending to the Board the remuneration framework for Directors as well as the remuneration package for Executive Directors.

None of the executive Directors participated in any way in determining their individual remuneration. The Board as a whole determines the remuneration of non-executive Directors with individual Director abstaining from deliberations and voting on decision in respect of his individual remuneration.





## Corporate Governance Statement

(Cont'd)

The policy practiced on Directors' remuneration by the Remuneration Committee is to provide the remuneration packages necessary to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to manage the business of the company and to align the interest of the directors with those of the shareholders.

#### Details of Directors' remuneration

The Company pays its Directors an annual fee which is approved annually by the shareholders. The breakdown of the Directors' remuneration for the financial year is as follows:-

Type of Remuneration	<b>Executive Directors</b>	Non-Executive Directors	Total
TV/Acoli,	RM	RM	RM
Fees	\ \ \	99,000	99,000
Salaries	886,554		886,554
Bonuses	118,800	Market . The second	118,800
Others	-	3,900	3,900
Total	1,005,354	102,900	1,108,254

The Board is of the opinion that it is advisable not to detail out each Directors' remuneration. However, the remuneration paid or payable to Directors, analyzed into bands of RM 50,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2008 are as follows:

Range of Remuneration	Number of Directors		
	Executive	Non-Executive	
Below RM50,000		3	
RM50,001 to RM100,000	158 30 60 15		
RM100,001 to RM150,000			
RM150,001 to RM200,000	1	-	
RM200,001 to RM250,000	1	-	
RM250,001 to RM300,000	1	-	
RM300,001 to RM350,000	1	-	



#### C. Shareholders

The Company recognizes the importance of communicating with its shareholders and does this through the annual report, Annual General Meeting (AGM), analyst and other press meetings. The policy of the Company is to maintain an active dialogue with its shareholders with the intention of giving shareholders as clear and complete a picture of the Company's performance and position as possible.

It is the Company's practice to send the Notice of the Annual General Meeting and related papers to shareholders at least twenty one (21) days as appropriate before the meeting. At the AGM, the shareholders are encouraged to ask questions both about the resolutions being proposed or about the Group 's operations in general. Where it is not possible to provide immediate answers, the Chairman will undertake to furnish the shareholder with a written answer after the AGM. The Chairman of the Board also addresses the shareholders on the review of the Group 's operations for the financial year and outlines the prospects of the Group for the subsequent financial year. Copies of the address are given out to shareholders and the press before the AGM. Additionally, a press conference is held immediately after the AGM where the Chairman advises the press of the resolutions passed, and answers questions on the Group. The Group Managing Director and the Executive Directors are also present at the press conference to clarify and explain any issue.



## Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

#### D. Accountability and audit

#### **Financial reporting**

The Board aims to provide and present a balanced and meaningful assessment for the Group 's financial performance and prospects at the end of the financial year, primarily through the annual financial statements, quarterly and half yearly announcement of results to shareholders as well as the Chairman 's statement and review of operations in the annual report. The Board is assisted by the Audit Committee to oversee the Group 's financial reporting processes and the quality of its financial reporting.

Directors' responsibility statement in respect of the preparation of the audited financial statements. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the financial statements of the Group give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the accounting period and of their profit or loss and cashflows for the period then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have ensured that applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act,1965 have been applied.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have selected and applied consistently suitable accounting policies and made reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Directors also have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of internal controls

The Statement on Internal Control furnished on page 17 of the annual report provides an overview on the state of internal controls within the Group.

#### Relationship with the Auditors

Key features underlying the relationship of the Audit Committee with the external auditors are included in the Audit Committee 's terms of reference as detailed on pages 14 to 16 of the annual report.

A summary of the activities of the Audit Committee during the year, including the evaluation of the independent audit process, are set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 13 to 14 of the annual report.

#### E. Additional compliance information

#### Share buy-back

There were no Share buy-back by the Company during the financial year.

#### Option, warrants or convertible securities

No option, warrants or convertible securities were issued or exercised during the fiancial year.

#### Non-audit fees

There were no non- audit fees paid during the financial year save as disclosed in the Audit Committee Report page 13.

This statement is issued in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 25 May 2010.







## **Audit Committee Report**

#### Membership

The Audit Committee ("the Committee") comprises the following members:

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail

- Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Tang Yin Kham

- Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mohd Faizal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff - Independent Non-Executive Director

#### Terms of reference

The Committee was established on 29 February 1996 to act as a Committee of the Board of Directors, with the terms of reference as set out on pages 14 to 16.

#### **Meetings**

The Audit Committee convened five (5) meetings, which were attended by all members, during the financial year.

All the meetings were held at Plot 125, Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5, 14100 Simpang Ampat, Seberang Perai Tengah, Penang. The date and time of the Audit Committee meetings held were as follows:

Da	te of meetii	ng	Time
27	February	2009	2.00 p.m.
30	April	2009	10.30 a.m.
28	May	2009	3.00 p.m.
26	August	2009	2.30 p.m.
26	November	2009	10.00 a.m.

#### Summary of activities during the financial year

The Audit Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its terms of reference during the year.

The main activities undertaken by the Committee included the following:

- Review of the external auditors' scope of work and audit plans for the year.
- Review with the external auditors the results of the audit, the audit report and the management letter, including management's response.
- Consideration and recommendation to the Board for approval of the audit fees payable to the external auditors as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.
- Review the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and the services provided. For providing accountancy services and advisory on taxation, non-audit fees totaling RM13,922 were paid to the external auditors.



## Audit Committee Report (Cont'd)

#### Summary of activities during the financial year (cont'd)

- Review of the internal audit department's resources requirements, programmes and plan for the financial year under review and the annual assessment of the internal audit department's performance.
- Review of the internal audit reports and discussion with the management to take actions to improve the system of internal control based on improvement opportunities identified in the internal audit reports.
- · Recommendation to the Board improvement opportunities in internal control, procedures and risk management.
- Review of the annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company prior to submission to the Board
  for their consideration and approval. The review was to ensure compliance with the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities,
  financial reporting standards and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements before recommending them for the
  Board's approval.
- · Review of the quarterly unaudited financial results announcements before recommending them for the Board's approval.
- Review of the related party transactions entered into by the Group.

#### STATEMENT ON EMPLOYEE'S SHARE OPTION SCHEME ("ESOS") BY THE COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed and verified that the allocations of option granted during the financial year under the Company's ESOS were in accordance with the provisions as set out in the Scheme.

#### TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### **Objectives**

The primary function of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling the following oversight objectives on the Group activities:

- · assess the Group's processes relating to its risks and control environment;
- · oversee financial reporting; and
- evaluate the internal and external audit processes.

#### Composition

The Board shall elect and appoint Committee members from amongst their numbers, comprising no fewer than three (3) Directors, the majority of whom shall be independent non-executive Directors of the Company.

The Board shall at all times ensure that at least one (1) member of the Committee shall be:

- a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"); or
- if he or she is not a member of MIA, he must have at least three (3) years of working experience and:-
  - he or she must have passed the examinations specified in Part I of the 1st Schedule of the Accountants Act 1967; or
  - he or she must be a member of one of the associations of accountants specified in part II of the 1st schedule of the Accountants ACT 1967; or
  - fulfils such other requirements as prescribed or approved by the Bursa Securities.





## Audit Committee Report (Cont'd)

#### Composition (Cont'd)

If a member of the Committee resigns, dies or for any reason ceases to be a member with the result that the number of members is reduced below three (3), the Board shall within three (3) months of the event appoint such number of new members as may be required to fill the vacancy.

The Chairman of the Committee shall be an independent non-executive Director. No alternate Director of the Board shall be appointed as a member of the Committee. The Board shall review the terms of office of each of its members at least once (1) every three (3) years.

#### **Quorum and Committee's procedures**

Meetings shall be conducted at least four (4) times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate.

In order to form a quorum for the meeting, the majority of the members present must be independent non-executive Directors. In the absence of the Chairman, the members present shall elect a Chairman for the meeting from amongst the members present.

The Company Secretary shall be appointed Secretary of the Committee ("the Secretary"). The Secretary, in conjunction with the Chairman, shall draw up an agenda, which shall be circulated together with the relevant support papers, at least one (1) week prior to each meeting to the members of the Committee. The minutes shall be circulated to members of the Board.

The Committee may, as and when deemed necessary, invite the Board members and senior management members to attend the meetings.

The Chairman shall submit an annual report to the Board summarising the Committee 's activities during the year and the related significant results and findings.

The Committee shall meet at least annually with the management, and at least once every year with the Head of Internal Audit and external auditors in separate sessions to discuss any matters with the Committee without the presence of any executive member of the Board.

The Committee shall regulate the manner of proceedings of its meetings, having regard to normal conventions on such matter.

The Company shall ensure the attendance of the other Directors and employees of the Company at any particular Audit Committee meeting is only at the Committee's invitation and is specific to the relevant meeting.

#### **Authority**

The Committee is authorised to seek any information it requires from employees, who are required to cooperate with any request made by the Committee.

The Committee shall have full and unlimited access to any information pertaining to the Group.

The Committee shall have direct communication channels with the internal and external auditors and with senior management of the Group and shall be able to convene meetings with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both, excluding the attendance of other Directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary.

The Committee shall have the resources that are required to perform its duties. The Committee can obtain, at the expense of the Company, outside legal or other independent professional advice it considers necessary.

Where the Committee is of the view that a matter reported by it to the Board has not been satisfactorily resolved resulting in a breach of the BMSB Listing Requirements, the Committee shall promptly report such matter to the BMSB.



## Audit Committee Report (Cont'd)

#### Responsibilities and duties

In fulfilling its primary objectives, the Committee shall undertake the following responsibilities and duties:

- Review with the external auditor, the audit scope and plan, including any changes to the planned scope of the audit
  plan.
- Review the adequacy of the internal audit scope and plan, functions and resources of the internal audit function and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work.
- Review the external and internal audit reports to ensure that appropriate and prompt remedial action is taken by
  management on major deficiencies in controls or procedures that are identified.
- Review major audit findings and the management's response during the year with management, external auditors and internal auditors, including the status of previous audit recommendations.
- Review the assistance given by the Group's officers to the auditors, and any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to required information.
- Review the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and their services, including non-audit services and the professional fees, so as to ensure a proper balance between objectivity and value for money.
- Review the appointment and performance of external auditors, the audit fee and any question of resignation or dismissal before making recommendations to the Board.
- Review the Internal Audit Charter, budget and staffing of the internal audit department.
- Review the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems, including enterprise risk management, management information system, and the internal auditors' and/or external auditors' evaluation of the said systems.
- Direct and where appropriate supervise any special projects or investigation considered necessary, and review investigation reports on any major defalcations, frauds and thefts.
- Review the quarterly results and the year end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board focussing particularly on:
  - changes in or implementation of major accounting policy changes;
  - significant or unusual events; and
  - compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements;
- Review procedures in place to ensure that the Group is in compliance with the Companies Act 1965, Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and other legislative and reporting requirements.
- Review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or the Group, including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises question on management integrity.
- Prepare reports, if the circumstances arise or at least once (1) a year, to the Board summarising the work performed in fulfilling the Committee 's primary responsibilities.
- Verify the allocation of options pursuant to the Employee Share Option Scheme ("Scheme") of the Company and to ensure that the allocation is in compliance with the By-Laws of the scheme.
- Any other activities, as authorised by the Board.





### Statement on Internal Control

Paragraph 15.26(b) of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements requires the Board of Directors of public listed companies to include in its annual report a "statement about the state of internal control of the listed issuer as a group". The Board is committed to maintaining a sound system of internal control in the Group and is pleased to provide the following statement which outlines the nature and scope of internal control of the Group during the year.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the Group's system of internal control which includes the establishment of an appropriate control environment and framework as well as reviewing its adequacy and integrity. Because of the limitations that are inherent in any system of internal control, this system is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system of internal control covers, inter alia, risk management and financial, organisational, operational and compliance controls.

The Board recognises the need to have a formal on going processs for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by he Group. The key management personnel has considered the need for a formal risk management framework. However, in view of the size of the Group and the nature of its operation that are currently controlled, the management is of the opinion that the current control procedures in place are sufficient to meet its intended objectives.

The Board fully supports the contents of the Internal Control Guidance and, with the assistance of its internal audit department, undertook to review the existing key business processes in place within the various operating businesses in Malaysia, with the aim of formalising the risk management functions across the Group, at a later date.

The Group has an internal audit department which provides the Board with much of the assurance it requires regarding the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2009, with the assistance of the internal audit function, the Board as a whole reviewed the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control by:

- · Reviewing the quarterly financial reports and evaluated the reasons for unusual variances noted thereof;
- The close involvement of Executive Directors in the business and who are hands-on in the operations of the Group, including the regular review of internal control procedures with operating and financial personnel of the Group;
- The Board has put in place an organisational structure with formally defined lines of responsibility and delegation
  of authority. A process of hierarchical reporting has been established which provides for a documented and auditable trail
  of accountability. The procedures include the establishment of limits of authority, training and development, equality of
  opportunity, staff performance and serious misconduct. These procedures are relevant across the Group to provide for
  continuous assurance to be given at increasingly higher levels of management and, finally to the Board; and
- The Audit Committee assists the Board in the review of financial statements. Where appropriate, explanations are sought from management for unusual fluctuations noted thereof.

There were no material losses incurred during the current financial year as a result of weaknesses in internal control. The Board, together with Management, continues to take measures to strengthen the control environment.

This statement has been reviewed by the external auditors in compliance with Paragraph 15.23 of the Listing Requirements.

This statement is issued in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 25 May 2010.





### Corporate Social Responsibility Statement

Rex Industry Berhad ("RIB") is mindful of its Corporate Social Responsibility towards the community, environment, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders. Being a responsible Corporate Citizen, RIB continues to promote quality work environment, healthy and safety workplace to the employees and have initiated and supported various social, community and environmental programs. We develop ethical, responsible business policies and practices that are applied without exception across our operations.

The Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives undertaken by our Group during the financial year are summarized as below:

#### The Community

- During the year, the Group has been giving its support unconditionally to the people in need by sponsoring canned foods and beverage to flood victims, schools and various charity bodies. Besides that, we also expressed our care and concern for the under-privileged groups through monetary contributions.
- ➤ In support of school education program, our factories are open for school children to visit so as to enhance their understanding on how canned foods and beverage products are being produced.
- ➤ We continued to support the Internship Program by working with various public and private higher education providers such as universities, colleges and polytechnics to provide training for their students.

#### **Our Workplace**

RIB appreciates the contribution of our employees as regards to the growth of the business and harmonious working environment.

- We are committed to ensure fairness in career opportunity and treat all staffs equally regardless of their religion, races, genders, age and nationality.
- ▶ We are committed to maintain a safe and healthy working environment for our employees in the workplace.
- > Constant education, training and safety workshops to ensure a high level of awareness of safety requirements at all levels.

#### The Marketplace

We are committed to ensure that the interests of all our important stakeholders (i.e. customers, suppliers and shareholders) are being taken care of. We ensure the supply of quality products and meeting customers' satisfactions through continual improvement in quality, technology, process and services. We are also practice good corporate governance to meet shareholders' expectations.

#### The Environment

It is our responsibility to apply our capabilities towards creating a better and safer world. We are conscious of the global warming and climate changes in the global environment due to the industrial activities. We support the use of environmental friendly products and minimize any adverse impact to the natural environment. We are always committed to the cause of environmental protection by increasing workforce awareness on the energy conservation methods (i.e. Instilling daily habits of switching off light and air-conditioners when not in use). We also ensure compliance to all relevant environmental laws and other requirements by raising the environmental awareness among the employees.





### Chairman Statement

On behalf the Board of Directors of Rex Industry Berhad, I am pleased to present the Annual Report for the financial year ended  $31^{\text{St}}$  December, 2009.

#### **Review of Operation**

Throughout the year of 2009, the mood of the business preparation and operation had been of the defensive kind. For the most part of the first half of the year, plans and actions were taken to weather the negative effects of the economic recession. Production schedules were trimmed and stocks were monitored with extra alertness to match the sales trends in the downturn. Production for the items at the high end of the price range had to be reduced according to the drop in sales. Exports of the high value frozen shrimp and pasteurized crab meat were hit particularly hard as the importers from the USA scrambled to manage the collapse of the consumption of these luxury items.

Except for China, the domestic sales in Malaysia and Indonesia took a beating. Sales to the catering and institutional clients in these markets saw a marked slow down. The business operation in China however maintained the growing trend. The Chinese economy was able to beat the worldwide trend and maintain the robust demand in the consumption of foods.

Due to the careful plans and measures taken during the economic downturn, the business in pouched foods products and the packaged drinks were bullish and it continued to grow against the current of recession. The pouched food items were selling well due the adamantly high price of empty steel cans which made the pouched items comparatively much cheaper.

The packaged drinks division managed to maintain the double digit growth as the brand recognition gained strength with the well planned marketing efforts and advertising activities.

In this trying time, the basic food items, especially canned sardines, canned beans and frozen franks, which were somewhat recession-proof, helped sustain the production level and cushion the drop in production volume.

#### **Financial Performance**

In the climate of the downturn, sales dropped 6.6% to RM162.6 million in the year. However, despite this drop in sales, the profit level was sustained. The profit before tax was maintained at RM 4.0 million level. If not for the substantial appreciation of Indonesia Rupiah against the US Dollar, the profit contribution from PT Rex Indonesia could have improved the Group level of profitability by not less than 25%.

For the year in report, the profit after tax dropped by 21% to RM2.6 million. The higher than expected drop was caused by a higher than normal tax charges calculated for the year. There was a RM 0.24 million deferred tax that needed to be taken into account. The cause of the drop was due more to the technicality in accounting policy rather than the efficiency in operational performance.

#### **Prospects**

There were already affirmative signs of economic recovery by the second half of 2009. This was true even for the severely hit USA. Malaysia, Indonesia and China especially, were already in full recovery before the year end. The Group will continue to bank on the undiminished strength of these domestic markets to at least maintain the sales level in the coming year.

The Management has allocated RM 3 million budget to increase the capacity and to sustain the double digit growth in the Drink Division. One additional production line and additional warehousing space will be added to support the expansion.

There is room for the retort aluminum pouched foods to muscle into the canned foods market. The lower price and the eco-friendly image of the pouched foods are set to eat into the market of canned foods. The Group's pouched foods production will see more uplift in the level of automation to reduce production costs and increase production speed to cater for the expected surge in the sales volume.



### Chairman Statement (Cont'd)

#### Dividend

The Board wishes to continue the 2% dividend payout policy for the year. The Board has proposed a first and final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share less 25% tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2009, subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### Acknowledgement

The Board would like to express gratitude to all the employees of the Group for their dedication and hard work during the year. We also take this opportunity to thank all our shareholders, customers and vendors for their continuing supports throughout the year.

Cummen

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail

Chairman 30 April 2010





# Statistics of Shareholdings As At 30 April, 2010

RM100,000,000

#### **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Authorised Share Capital Class of equity security

- RM1.00 Ordinary share RM56,051,617 Number of shareholders 1,590

Voting right - On a show of hand

one vote for every shareholder - On a poll one vote for every ordinary share held

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS Ordinary Shares**

Size of Shareholdings	Shareholders	%	No. of Shares	%
less than 100	37	2.33	1,495	0.00
100 to 1,000 shares	325	20.44	296,569	0.53
1,001 to 10,000 shares	975	61.32	3,557,699	6.35
10,001 to 100,000 shares	212	13.33	5,685,033	10.14
100,001 to 2,802,580 shares	37	2.33	26,412,894	47.12
2,802,581 and above	4	0.25	20,097,927	35.86
The state of the s	Service All Annual Control		Who privi	A second
Total	1,590	100.00	56,051,617	100.00

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS **Ordinary Shares**

Name	Direct Interest No. of Shares	% of Issued Share Capital
<ol> <li>Lee Chai Seng</li> <li>Lee Hee Thiam</li> <li>Lee Hee Hong</li> <li>Yee Chek Mun</li> </ol>	8,793,124 4,583,367 3,822,623 2,902,405	15.69 8.18 6.82 5.18

#### **DIRECTORS SHAREHOLDINGS**

The Company

Name of Directors	Direct Interest No.of Shares	%	No. of Unexcercised ESOS Options
Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail	180	-	-
Lee Hee Thiam	4,583,367	8.18	-
Lee Chai Seng	8,793,124	15.69	-
Lee Hee Hong	3,822,623	6.82	-
Lee Sew Keng	1,295,807	2.31	-
Tang Yin Kham	-	-	-
Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff	-	-	-
Lee Soo Keat	-	-	-





# Thirty Largest Shareholders As At 30 April, 2010

	Name	No. of Shares	%
1.	Lee Chai Seng	8,793,124	15.69
2.	Lee Hee Thiam	4,583,367	8.18
3.	Lee Hee Hong	3,822,623	6.82
4.	Yee Chek Mun	2,902,405	5.18
5.	Lee Sew Chong @ Lee Siew Choo	2,660,007	4.75
6.	Lee Sew Kee	2,575,507	4.59
7.	Lee Sew Nai	1,890,507	3.37
8.	Cheong Boo Chin	1,784,300	3.18
9.	Lee Sew Keng	1,295,807	2.31
10.	Lee Siew Boy	1,271,207	2.27
11.	Lee Seow Hya	1,271,207	2.27
12.	Lee Sew Hong @ Lee Siw Hong	1,271,207	2.27
13.	Chang Siew Kim @ Chang Siew Yoon	1,260,755	2.25
14.	Ta Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	1,150,500	2.05
	<acc ben="" chuan="" for="" tay=""></acc>		
15.	Tan Chun Hwa	1,042,900	1.86
16.	Teh Tan Yong	1,016,966	1.81
17.	Neoh Keok Sick	716,000	1.28
18.	Ang Chee Kean	600,000	1.07
19.	Lee Tse Paul	508,483	0.91
20.	Lee Tse Faye	508,483	0.91
21.	Lee Tse lan	508,483	0.91
22.	Lim Gek Suan	500,433	0.89
23.	Lim Kheng Boon	494,700	0.88
24.	Abdul Latiff Bins Mirasa	466,975	0.83
25.	HL Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	401,600	0.72
	Pledged Securities Account For Phee Boon Poh		
26.	Sa'diah Binti Talib	372,100	0.66
27.	Lee Cheong Keat @ Lee Chong Keat	354,000	0.63
28.	Lee Soo An	340,967	0.61
29.	Osman Bin Yaacob	322,600	0.58
30.	Koay Swee Aik	219,400	0.39





## Five Years Summary of Financial Highlights

	Note	2005 RM'000 (Restated)	2006 RM'000	2007 RM'000	2008 RM′000	2009 RM′000
Paid-up Share Capital Shareholders Funds Borrowings Net Tangible Assets	1	40,723 96,997 19,148 92,913	56,052 122,863 26,061 110,239	56,052 123,450 34,762 110,826	56,052 128,627 39,569 116,004	56,052 131,573 37,958 119,452
Turnover Profit before Tax after Minority Interest Interest Profit after Tax and Minority Interest Dividend		98,837 4,332 676 4,573	116,927 5,976 1,001 5,713	160,927 5,473 1,525 1,980 830	174,175 3,933 1,819 3,274 841	162,673 4,045 1,518 2,571 841
Key Statistics		<b>2005</b> (Restated)	2006	2007	2008	2009
Investment Ratio NTA per share EPS (sen) Gross dividend rate (%) Dividend coverage ratio (times)	2	2.28	1.97 12.82 -	1.98 3.53* 2.00 2.39	2.07 5.84* 2.00 3.89	2.13 4.59 2.00 3.06
Operating Ratio After tax return on shareholders' fund (%) Pre-tax profit margin (%)		4.71 4.38	4.65 5.11	1.60 3.40	2.55 2.26	1.95 2.49
Financial Ratio Gearing (times) Interest coverage ratio	3 4	0.197 7.41	0.212 6.79	0.282 4.59	0.308 3.16	0.288 3.66
<b>Liquidity Ratio</b> Current ratio Quick ratio		2.19 1.15	2.31 1.18	2.66 1.50	2.84 1.48	3.00 1.51

#### Note:-

- 1 All interest-bearing debts
- 2 Profit after tax before dividends divided by total dividends
- 3 Total borrowings over Shareholders' fund
- 4 Pre-tax profit before interest expenses divided by interest expenses

\* Calculated based on the weighted average no. of shares in issue during the year 56,051,617 ordinary shares.









REX TRADING SDN BHD



REX FOODS SDN BHD



CINTA EDAR (SELATAN) SDN BHD



BEST AQUA FOOD SDN BHD



CINTA EDAR (M) SDN BHD



FIKA FOODS CORPORATION SDN BHD



FIKA FOODS MARKETING SDN BHD



GAINASIA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

## Directors' Report For The Year Ended 31 December 2009

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the Company is that of investment holding.

The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

#### **Results**

			Group RM	Company RM
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Com	oany	_2	2,570,603	645,111

#### Reserves and provisions

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the year except as disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **Dividend**

Since the end of previous financial year, the Company paid a first and final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share less 25% tax totalling RM840,774 (1.50 sen net per ordinary share) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2008 on 18 September 2009.

The first and final dividend recommended by the Directors in respect of the year ended 31 December 2009 is 2 sen per ordinary share less 25% tax totalling RM840,774 (1.50 sen net per ordinary share).

#### **Directors of the Company**

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail Lee Hee Thiam Lee Hee Hong Lee Sew Keng Tang Yin Kham Mohd Faisal Izan Bin Abdul Latiff Lee Soo Keat (Appointed on 9.3.2010) Lee Chai Seng (Resigned on 9.3.2010)





## Directors' Report For The Year Ended 31 December 2009 (Cont'd)

#### **Directors' interests**

The interests and deemed interests in the shares and options of the Company and of its related corporations (other than whollyowned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at year end (including the interests of the spouses or children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

#### Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each

	Balance at 1.1.2009	Bought	Sold	Balance at 31.12.2009
Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail : Interest in the Company : - own	180	135	1000.	180
Lee Chai Seng : Interest in the Company : - own - others *	8,793,124 121,000	-	-	8,793,124 121,000
Deemed interest in the Company : - own	16,086,397	-	(16,086,397)	-
Lee Hee Thiam : Interest in the Company : - own	7,019	4,576,348	-	4,583,367
Deemed interest in the Company : - own	16,086,397	Carlo Ave	(16,086,397)	Arthur -
Lee Sew Keng : Interest in the Company : - own	24,600	1,271,207		1,295,807
Lee Hee Hong: Interest in the Company:	10,300	3.812.323		3.822.62

#### Number of options over ordinary shares of RM1 each

Interest in the company:	Balance at 1.1.2009	Granted	(Lapsed)	Balance at 31.12.2009
Lee Chai Seng : - own - others *	85,000 248,000	Was I	(85,000) (248,000)	
Lee Hee Thiam : - own	85,000	- /	(85,000)	- Bi
Lee Sew Keng : - own	85,000	18/15	(85,000)	
Lee Hee Hong : - own	85,000	-	(85,000)	-

<sup>\*</sup>These shares held in the name of the spouse and children are treated as interest of the Director in accordance with Section 134(12)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965.

By virtue of his interests in the shares of the Company, Mr. Lee Chai Seng is also deemed to have interests in the shares of all its subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has

None of the other Directors holding office at 31 December 2009 had any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial





## Directors' Report For The Year Ended 31 December 2009 (Cont'd)

#### **Directors' benefits**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Director's as shown in the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate apart from the Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS").

#### Issue of shares and debentures

There were no changes in the issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year.

There were no debentures issued during the financial year.

#### Options granted over unissued shares

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the year.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 30 June 2003, the Company's shareholders approved the establishment of an ESOS of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

The options offered to take up unissued ordinary shares of RM1 each and the option price is as follows:

#### Number of option over ordinary shares of RM1 each

Date of offer	Option price RM	Balance at 1.1.2009	Granted	(Exercised)	(Lapsed)	Balance at 31.12.2009
8.1.2004	1.25	3,211,400	-	-	(3,211,400)	-

The salient features of the scheme are as follows:

- The total number of shares to be offered under the ESOS shall not exceed 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at any point in time during the duration of the ESOS;
- ii) Eligible employees are those employees (including Executive Directors) of the Group who in the case of Malaysians have been confirmed with at least twelve (12) months of continuous service on the offer date and in the case of non-Malaysians have been employed by the Group under an employment contract for a duration of at least three (3) years;
- iii) The option is personal to the grantee and is non-assignable, transferable or disposable except for certain conditions provided for in the Bye-Law;
- iv) The option price shall be the higher of the following:
  - a) a discount of not more than 10% on the weighted average market price of the shares as shown in the daily official list issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the five (5) market days immediately preceding the date of offer;
  - b) the par value of the shares.





## Directors' Report For The Year Ended

31 December 2009 (Cont'd)

#### Options granted over unissued shares (Cont'd)

- v) A grantee shall be allowed to exercise not more than 20% of the options granted each year. Options which are exercisable but are not exercised may be carried forward to subsequent years subject to option period.
- vi) The ESOS shall continue to be in force for a period of five years commencing from 12 December 2003.
- vii) In the event of any alteration in the capital structure of the Company during the option period, whether by way of a rights issue, bonus issue or other capitalisation issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares or reduction of capital or otherwise howsoever, the Company may cause such adjustment to be made to:
  - a) the number of shares which a grantee shall be entitled to subscribe for upon the exercise of each option; and/or
  - b) the subscription price.

The persons to whom the options have been granted have no right to participate by virtue of the options in any share issue of any other company.

#### Other statutory information

Before the balance sheets and income statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts, and
- ii) all current assets have been stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances :

- i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts, or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts, in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.





### Directors' Report For The Year Ended 31 December 2009 (Cont'd)

#### Other statutory information (Cont'd)

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2009 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, Messrs KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors :

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail

Lee Hee Thiam

Penang,

Date: 28 April 2010



# Consolidated Balance Sheet at 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Assets		KIVI	KIVI
Property, plant and equipment	3	39,642,425	41,919,818
Prepaid lease payments	4	8,718,138	8,830,009
Goodwill on consolidation	6	12,121,439	12,623,735
Total non-current assets		60,482,002	63,373,562
Receivables, deposits and prepayments	7	52,599,053	50,326,480
Inventories	8	62,563,958	59,619,535
Current tax assets		670,035	657,093
Cash and cash equivalents	9	10,242,084	14,210,550
Total current assets		126,075,130	124,813,658
Total assets		186,557,132	188,187,220
Equity			
Share capital	10	56,051,617	56,051,617
Reserves	11	75,521,805	72,575,704
Total equity		131,573,422	128,627,321
Liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	12	4,963,636	4,723,246
Borrowings	13	7,935,796	10,869,107
Total non-current liabilities		12,899,432	15,592,353
Payables and accruals	14	12,061,684	15,267,421
Borrowings	13	30,022,594	28,700,125
Total current liabilities		42,084,278	43,967,546
Total liabilities		54,983,710	59,559,899
Total equity and liabilities		186,557,132	188,187,220



The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.



# Consolidated Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Continuing operations		KW	KIVI
Revenue	16	162,673,326	174,174,877
Changes in manufactured inventories		5,303,789	669,969
Raw materials consumed		(110,865,766)	(111,004,336)
Staff costs	17	(17,225,892)	(16,750,543)
Depreciation and amortisation	3,4	(3,816,437)	(4,225,264)
Other operating expenses		(30,739,453)	(37,228,207)
Other operating income		230,907	80,347
Results from operating activities		5,560,474	5,716,843
Interest income		3,056	35,161
Finance costs	18	(1,518,171)	(1,818,684)
Profit before tax	19	4,045,359	3,933,320
Tax expense	21	(1,474,756)	(659,319)
Profit for the year		2,570,603	3,274,001
Attributable to :			
Equity holders of the Company		2,570,603	3,274,001
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen)	22	4.59	5.84
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (sen)	22	4.59	5.84
Dividend per ordinary share - gross (sen)	23	2.00	2.00







# Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity for the year ended 31 December 2009

		Non-distributab	le	Distributable	
	Share capital	Share premium	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January 2008	56,051,617	10,614,008	1,543,694	55,240,324	123,449,643
Net gain recognised directly in equity - Foreign exchange					
translation differences			2,733,241		2,733,241
Profit for the year	-	-	-	3,274,001	3,274,001
Dividend (Note 23)	-	-	-	( 829,564)	( 829,564)
At 31 December 2008	56,051,617	10,614,008	4,276,935	57,684,761	128,627,321
Net gain recognised directly					
in equity					
- Foreign exchange translation differences	-		1,216,272		1,216,272
Profit for the year	100,5	1 4 05 7		2,570,603	2,570,603
Dividend (Note 23)	-	-	-	(840,774)	(840,774)
At 31 December 2009	56,051,617	10,614,008	5,493,207	59,414,590	131,573,422



The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2009

Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Cash flows from operating activities	K/VI	K/VI
Profit before tax from continuing operations	4,045,359	3,933,320
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 3	3,700,592	4,108,958
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments 4	115,845	116,306
Interest expense 18	1,518,171	1,818,684
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	(80,133)	(67,009)
Interest income	(3,056)	(35,161)
Operating profit before changes in working capital	9,296,778	9,875,098
Changes in working capital:		
Inventories	(718,635)	(8,580,995)
Receivables, deposits and prepayments	(1,523,557)	3,883,324
Payables and accruals	(5,007,292)	(1,215,167)
Cash generated from operations	2,047,294	3,962,260
Taxes paid	(1,247,308)	(1,346,324)
Net cash from operating activities	799,986	2,615,936
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,285,155)	(1 426 225)
requisition of property, plant and equipment	138,599	(1,436,235) 177,397
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment Proceed from shortfall on profit guarantee 29	502,296	177,397
Interest income	3,056	35,161
Net cash used in investing activities	(641,204)	(1,223,677)





## Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2009 (Cont'd)

	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Cash flows from financing activities		KIVI	KIVI
Drawdown of term loans		-	3,908,480
Repayment of term loans		(2,488,098)	(2,410,697)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(397,051)	(326,205)
Bank borrowings (net)		195,000	3,962,085
Interest paid		(1,518,171)	(1,818,684)
Dividend paid to equity holders of the Company		(840,774)	(829,564)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities		(5,049,094)	2,485,415
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,890,312)	3,877,674
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents		(109,461)	743,629
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		13,765,364	9,144,061
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	В	8,765,591	13,765,364



#### Note:

#### A. Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

During the year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM1,333,155 (2008: RM2,254,235) of which RM48,000 (2008: RM818,000) was acquired by means of finance lease arrangement. The remaining RM1,285,155 (2008: RM1,436,235) were paid by cash.

#### B. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated cash flow statement comprise the following amounts:-

	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	9	41,488	41,488
Cash and bank balances	9	10,200,596	14,169,062
Bank overdrafts	13	(1,476,493)	(445,186)
		8,765,591	13,765,364



The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Balance Sheet at 31 December 2009

	Note	2009	2008
Assets		RM	RM
Investments in subsidiaries	5	40,683,617	41,014,668
Total non-current assets		40,683,617	41,014,668
Receivables, deposits and prepayments  Cash and cash equivalents	7 9	31,369,050 8,411	30,591,572 9,962
Total current assets		31,377,461	30,601,534
Total assets		72,061,078	71,616,202
Equity			
Share capital Reserves	10 11	56,051,617 12,781,288	56,051,617 12,976,951
Total equity		68,832,905	69,028,568
Payables and accruals	14	3,228,173	2,587,634
Total current liabilities		3,228,173	2,587,634
Total equity and liabilities		72,061,078	71,616,202





The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.



# Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM
Continuing operations			
Revenue	16	1,122,240	1,142,280
Other operating expenses		(196,569)	(217,849)
Profit before tax	19	925,671	924,431
Tax expense	21	(280,560)	(296,993)
Profit for the year		645,111	627,438
Dividend per ordinary share - gross (sen)	23	2.00	2.00







The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement Of Changes In Equity for the year ended 31 December 2009

	← Non- dis	tributable	Distributable	
	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total equity
	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January 2008	56,051,617	10,614,008	2,565,069	69,230,694
Profit for the year		TO B	627,438	627,438
Dividend (Note 23)	11000	170	(829,564)	(829,564)
At 31 December 2008	56,051,617	10,614,008	2,362,943	69,028,568
Profit for the year	-	-	645,111	645,111
Dividend (Note 23)	-	-	(840,774)	(840,774)
At 31 December 2009	56,051,617	10,614,008	2,167,280	68,832,905



The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.



# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2009

	2009 RM	2008 RM
Cash flows from operating activities	N.VI	KW
Profit before tax	925,671	924,431
Adjustment for : Dividend income	(1,122,240)	(1,142,280)
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(196,569)	(217,849)
Changes in working capital : Receivables, deposits and prepayments Payables and accruals	(777,478) 640,539	1,207,301 (1,000,668)
Cash used in operations	(333,508)	(11,216)
Dividend received	841,680	845,287
Net cash from operating activities	508,172	834,071
Cash flows from financing activity		
Dividend paid to equity holders	(840,774)	(829,564)
Net cash used in financing activity	(840,774)	(829,564)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Subscription for shares in a subsidiary Proceed from shortfall on profit guarantee	(171,245) 502,296	-
Net cash from investing activities	331,051	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,551)	4,507
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	9,962	5,455
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	8,411	9,962

Note:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances as shown in the balance sheet.



The notes on pages 39 to 67 are an integral part of these financial statements.



Rex Industry Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is as follows:

#### Registered office/Principal place of business

Plot 125 Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5 . 14100 Simpang Ampat Seberang Perai Tengah

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2009 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the Group). The financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2009 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are stated in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 April 2010.

#### 1.Basis of preparation

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards (FRS), accounting principles generally accepted and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The Group and the Company have not applied the following accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the Group and the Company:

#### FRS effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009

FRS 8, Operating Segments

#### FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010

- FRS 4, Insurance Contracts
- FRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- FRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements (revised)
- FRS 123, Borrowing Costs (revised)
- FRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
- Amendments to FRS 1, First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards
- Amendments to FRS 2, Share-based Payment: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations
- Amendments to FRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- Amendments to FRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising
- Amen'dments to FRS 127, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements: Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate
- Amendments to FRS 132, Financial Instruments: Presentation
  - Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation
  - Separation of Compound Instruments
- Amendments to FRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Reclassification of Financial Assets
- Collective Assessment of Impairment for Banking Institutions
- Improvements to FRSs (2009) IC Interpretation 9, Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
- IC Interpretation 10, Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment IC Interpretation 11, FRS 2 Group and Treasury Share Transactions
- IC Interpretation 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes
  IC Interpretation 14, FRS 119 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and Their Interaction

#### Amendments to FRS effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2010

Amendments to FRS 132, Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues

#### FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 • FRS 1, First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards (revised)

- FRS 3, Business Combinations (revised)
- FRS 127, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (revised)





#### 1.Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

#### (a) Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

FRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 (Cont'd)

- Amendments to FRS 2, Share-based Payment
- Amendments to FRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
- Amendments to FRS 138, Intangible Assets
- IC Interpretation 12, Service Concession Agreements
- IC Interpretation 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
- IC Interpretation 16, Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation IC Interpretation 17, Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners
- Amendments to IC Interpretation 9, Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

#### Amendments to FRSs effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011

- Amendments to FRS 1, First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards Limited Exemption from Comparative FRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters
- Amendments to FRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments

The Group and the Company plan to apply the abovementioned standards, amendments and interpretations:

- from the annual period beginning 1 January 2010 for those standards, amendments or interpretations that will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 and 1 January 2010, except for Amendments to FRS 2, FRS 4, IC Interpretation 11, IC Interpretation 13 and IC Interpretation14 which are not applicable to the Group; and
- from the annual period beginning 1 January 2011 for those standards, amendments or interpretations that will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2010, 1 July 2010 and 1 January 2011, except for Amendments to FRS 2, Amendments to FRS 5, Amendments to FRS 138, IC Interpretation 12, IC Interpretation 15, IC Interpretation 16 and IC Interpretation 17 which are not applicable to the Group.

The initial application of a standard, an amendment or an interpretation, which will be applied prospectively, is not expected to have any financial impacts to the current and prior periods financial statements upon their first adoption.

The impacts and disclosures as required by FRS 108.30(b), Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, in respect of applying FRS 7 and FRS 139 are not disclosed by virtue of the exemptions given in these respective FRSs.

Those impacts of initial application of a standard, an amendment or an interpretation, which will be applied retrospectively, are disclosed below:

#### (i) FRS 8, Operating Segments

FRS 8 replaces FRS 1142004, Segment Reporting and requires the identification and reporting of operating segments based on internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the Group in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. Currently, the Group presents segment information in respect of its business and geographical segments (see note 27). The adoption of FRS 8 will not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group other than change in disclosures.

#### (ii) Improvements to FRSs (2009)

Improvements to FRSs (2009) contain various amendments that result in accounting changes for presentation, recognition or measurement and disclosure purposes. Amendments that have material impact are:

#### • FRS 117, Leases

The amendments clarify that the classification of lease of land and require entities with existing leases of land and buildings to reassess the classification of land as finance or operating lease. Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease will be reclassified to property, plant and equipment. The adoption of these amendments will result in a change in accounting policy which will be applied retrospectively in accordance with the transitional provisions.





(Cont'd)

#### 1. Basis of preparation (Cont'd)

#### (a) Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

#### (iii) IC Interpretation 10, Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment

IC Interpretation 10 prohibits the reversal of an impairment loss that has been recognised in an interim period during a financial year in respect of the following:

- (a) goodwill;
- (b) an investment in an equity instrument; or
- (c) a financial asset carried at cost.

In accordance with the transitional provisions, the Group will apply IC Interpretation 10 to goodwill, investments in equity instruments, and financial assets carried at cost prospectively from the date the Group first applied the measurement criteria of FRS 136, *Impairment of Assets* and FRS 139, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* respectively.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is the Company's functional currency.

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than those disclosed in Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

#### i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including unincorporated entities, controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account. Subsidiaries are consolidated using the purchase method of accounting except for Rex Canning Co. Sdn. Bhd., Rex Trading Sdn. Bhd. and Rex Foods Sdn.Bhd. which were consolidated using the pooling-of-interests method of accounting.

Under the purchase method of accounting, the financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Under the pooling-of-interests method of accounting, the results of entities or businesses under common control are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or, if later, at the date that common control was established. The assets and liabilities acquired were recognised at the carrying amounts recognised previously in the Group's controlling shareholder's consolidated financial statements. The difference between the cost of acquisition and the nominal value of the shares acquired together with the share premium are taken to merger reserve (or adjusted against any suitable reserve in the case of debit differences). The other components of equity of the acquired entities are added to the same components within Group equity.

Investments in subsidiaries are stated in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale.



#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

#### ii) Changes in Group composition

Where a subsidiary issues new equity shares to minority interests for cash consideration and the issue price has been established at fair value, the reduction in the Group's interests in the subsidiary is accounted for as a disposal of equity interest with the corresponding gain or loss recognised in the income statement.

When a group purchases a subsidiary's equity shares from minority interests for cash consideration and the purchase price has been established at fair value, the accretion of the Group's interests in the subsidiary is accounted for as a purchase of equity interest for which the purchase method of accounting is applied.

The Group treats all other changes in group composition as equity transactions between the Group and its minority shareholders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

#### iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### (b) Foreign currency

#### i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions except for those that are measured at fair value, which are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in the income statements.

#### ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")

The assets and liabilities of operations in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the balance sheet date, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 January 2006 which are reported using the exchange rates at the dates of the acquisitions. The income and expenses of operations in functional currencies other than RM, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in translation reserve. On disposal of operations, accumulated translation differences are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment

#### i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost / valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The Group has availed itself to the transitional provision when the MASB first adopted IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment in 1998. Certain long term and short term land and buildings were revalued in 1994 and no later valuation has been recorded for these property, plant and equipment (except in the case of impairment adjustments based on a valuation).

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.





(Cont'd)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

#### i) Recognition and measurement (Cont'd)

The cost of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on fair value at acquisition date. The fair value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The fair value of other items of plant and equipment is based on the quoted market prices for similar items.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and are recognised net within "other income" or "other operating expenses" respectively in the income statements.

#### ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

#### iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in the income statement on a reducing balance basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are at the following principal annual rates:

	%
Buildings	2
Plant, machinery and factory equipment	5 - 20
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	5 – 10
Motor vehicles	20

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at the reporting date.

#### (d) Leased assets

#### i) Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

#### ii) Operating lease

Leases, where the Group does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and, except for property interest held under operating lease, the leased assets are

not recognised on the Group's balance sheet. Property interest held under an operating lease, which is held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as investment property.

Leasehold land that normally has an indefinite economic life and title is not expected to pass to the lessee by the end of the lease term is treated as an operating lease. The payment made on entering into or acquiring a leasehold land is accounted for as prepaid lease payments.



#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (d) Leased assets (Cont'd)

#### ii) Operating lease (Cont'd)

Certain leasehold land were revalued in 1994 and the Group has retained the unamortised revalued amount as the surrogate carrying amount of prepaid lease payments in accordance with the transitional provision in FRS 117.67A when it first adopted FRS 117, in 2007.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statements on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

#### (e) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business combinations and is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For acquisitions prior to 1 January 2006, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair values of the net identifiable assets and liabilities.

For business acquisitions beginning 1 January 2006, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree.

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised immediately in income statement.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired.



#### (f) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first-out principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work-in-progress and manufactured inventories, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (g) Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at their cost when the contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another entity is established.

Subsequent to initial recognition, receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

Receivables are not held for the purpose of trading.

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits, if any.

#### (i) Impairment of assets



The carrying amounts of assets except for inventories and financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, recoverable amount is estimated usually at each reporting date.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

(Cont'd)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (i) Impairment of assets (Cont'd)

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus for the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same asset. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statements. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (groups of units) on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the income statement in the year in which the reversals are recognised, unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset, in which case it is credited directly to revaluation surplus. Where an impairment loss on the same revalued asset was previously recognised in the income statements, a reversal of that impairment loss is also recognised in the income statements.

#### (j) Equity instruments

#### Issue expenses

Incremental costs directly attributable to issue of shares of equity instruments are recognised as a deduction from equity.

#### (k) Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statements over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (l) Employee benefits

#### i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A provision is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The Group's contribution to statutory pension funds are charged to the income statements in the year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

#### ii) Share-based payment transactions

The grant date fair value of options granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest.

The fair value of employee share options is measured using a binomial lattice model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value.

#### (m) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.







#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (n) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where the Group enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Group considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Group treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Group will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

#### (o) Pavables

Payables are measured initially and subsequently at cost. Payables are recognised when there is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity.

#### (p) Revenue recognition

#### i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods.

#### ii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### (q) Interest income and borrowing costs

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

All borrowing costs are recognised in the income statements using the effective interest method, in the period in which they are incurred except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to be prepared for its intended use.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

#### (r) Tax expense

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in the income statements except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance are treated as tax base of assets and are recognised as a reduction of tax expense as and when they are utilised.



#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

#### (s) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees.

#### (t) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.





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		Plant, machinery and factory	Furniture, fittings and office	Motor	
Cost/Valuation	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
At 1 January 2008 - at cost - at valuation	27,652,535	35,114,734	4,353,838	5,028,346	72,149,453 2,360,000
	30,012,535	35,114,734	4,353,838	5,028,346	74,509,453
Additions Disposals Effect of movements in exchange rate	189,537 - 336,139	869,242 (182,232) 464,110	213,898 - (42,468)	981,558 (510,831) (114,110)	2,254,235 (693,063) 643,671
At 31 December 2008/ 1 January 2009 - at cost - at valuation	28,178,211	36,265,854	4,525,268	5,384,963	74,354,296 2,360,000
	30,538,211	36,265,854	4,525,268	5,384,963	76,714,296
Additions Disposals Effect of movements in exchange rate	82,451	828,465 (202,005) 275,245	136,019	286,220 (221,766) 111,438	1,333,155 (423,771) 529,874
At 31 December 2009 - at cost - at valuation	28,349,694	37,167,559	4,715,446	5,560,855	75,793,554 2,360,000
	30,709,694	37,167,559	4,715,446	5,560,855	78,153,554





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Total RM	30,366,854 595,942	30,962,796	4,108,958 (582,675) 305,399	34,154,300 640,178	34,794,478	3,700,592 (365,305) 381,364	37,826,712 684,417	38,511,129
Motor vehicles RM	3,120,490	3,120,490	585,642 (461,950) (65,316)	3,178,866	3,178,866	533,286 (183,501) 71,003	3,599,654	3,599,654
Furniture, fittings and office equipment RM	2,581,805	2,581,805	307,615 - (34,374)	2,855,046	2,855,046	268,355 - 44,557	3,167,958	3,167,95
Plant, machinery and factory equipment RM	20,042,894	20,042,894	2,460,511 (120,725) 279,657	22,662,337	22,662,337	2,166,798 (181,804) 204,485	24,851,816	24,851,816
Buildings	4,621,665 595,942	5,217,607	755,190 - 125,432	5,458,051	6,098,229	732,153 - 61,319	6,207,284 684,417	6,891,701
Accumulated depreciation	At 1 January 2008 - at cost - at valuation		Charge for the year Disposals Effect of movements in exchange rate	At 31 December 2008/ 1 January 2009 - at cost - at valuation		Charge for the year Disposals Effect of movements in exchange rate	At 31 December 2009 - at cost - at valuation	





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Plant, machinery and factory Buildings equipment RM RM	23,030,870 15,071,840 1,764,058 -	24,794,928 15,071,840	At 31 December 2008/ 1 January 2009 - at cost - at valuation - at valuation	24,439,982 13,603,517	22,142,410 12,315,743 1,675,583	23,817,993 12,315,743
Furniture, fittings and office equipment RM	1,772,033 1,907,856	1,772,033 1,907,856	1,670,222 2,206,097	1,670,222 2,206,097	1,547,488 1,961,201	1,547,488 1,961,201
cles Total RM RM	56 41,782,599 - 1,764,058	56 43,546,657	97 40,199,996 - 1,719,822	97 41,919,818	37,966,842 - 1,675,583	39,642,425





2009

#### 3. Property, plant and equipment - Group (Cont'd)

The buildings of the Group are shown at Directors' valuation based on a valuation exercise carried out in 1994 by Government Valuers as approved by the Securities Commission on an open market value basis.

It is the Group's policy to state property, plant and equipment at cost. Revaluation of certain properties in 1994 was carried out primarily for the purpose of reflecting a fairer worth of properties then and was not intended to effect a change in accounting policy to one of revaluation of properties. Hence, in accordance with the transitional provisions issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") upon adoption of International Accounting Standard No. 16 (Revised), Property, Plant and Equipment, the valuation of these properties have not been updated, and they continue to be stated at their existing carrying amounts less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent additions are shown at cost while disposals are at cost or valuation as appropriate.

The carrying amounts of revalued building for the Group stated at their original costs less accumulated depreciation are as follows:

	RM	RM
Buildings	995,497	1,024,912

The carrying amounts of motor vehicles acquired under finance lease liabilities are as follows:

2009	2008
RM	RM

Motor vehicles <u>1,178,088</u> <u>1,415,886</u>



2008



4.	<b>Prepaid</b>	lease	payments ·	Group
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	Unexpired period less than 50 years RM	Unexpired period more than 50 years RM	Total RM
Cost	KIVI	KIVI	K/VI
At 1 January 2008	2,676,396	7,211,849	9,888,245
Effect of movements in exchange rate	239,853	(23,075)	216,778
At 31 December 2008/ At 1 January 2009	2,916,249	7,188,774	10,105,023
Effect of movements in exchange rate	(27,990)	27,681	(309)
At 31 December 2009	2,888,259	7,216,455	10,104,714
Amortisation			
At 1 January 2008	581,816	545,432	1,127,248
Amortisation for the year Effect of movements in exchange rate	59,631 31,460	56,675 -	116,306 31,460
At 31 December 2008/ At 1 January 2009	672,907	602,107	1,275,014
Amortisation for the year Effect of movements in exchange rate	59,169 (4,283)	56,676 -	115,845 (4,283)
At 31 December 2009	727,793	658,783	1,386,576
Carrying amounts			
At 1 January 2008	2,094,580	6,666,417	8,760,997
At 31 December 2008/ At 1 January 2009	2,243,342	6,586,667	8,830,009
At 31 December 2009	2,160,466	6,557,672	8,718,138

The Group has retained the unamortised revalued amount as the surrogate carrying amount of prepaid lease payments in accordance with the transitional provision in FRS 117.





(Cont'd)

5. Investments in subsidiaries - Company	5.	Investments	in	subsidiaries	- Company
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. Investments in subsidiaries - Company	2009 RM	2008 RM
Unquoted shares, at cost Less : Impairment loss Less : Shortfall on profit guarantee (Note 29)	41,453,916 (268,003) (502,296)	41,282,671 (268,003)
	40,683,617	41,014,668

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Details of the substitutiones are as followed		fective	Place of Incorporation	Principal Activities
Name of company	2009	2008	11/15/11	
Rex Canning Co. Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Manufacture and export of canned food and investment holding
Rex Trading Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Trading of canned food and shelf stable convenience food
Fika Foods Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Manufacture and distribution of frozen meat
Cinta Edar (Selatan) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Distribution of chilled and frozen food
Rex Foods Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Dormant
Best Aqua Food Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Dormant
Cinta Edar (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Dormant
Fika Foods Marketing Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Malaysia	Dormant
P.T. Rex Canning * @	100%	100%	Indonesia	Manufacture and export of canned food
Gainasia International Limited *	100%		British Virgin Island	Trading of canned food
Subsidiary of Rex Canning Co. Sdn. Bhd.				
Jie Yang Rex Foods Co. Ltd. *	100%	100%	The People's Republic of China	Manufacture and export of canned food
Subsidiary of P.T. Rex Canning				
Concord Vision International Ltd.	* 100%	100%	British Virgin Island	Dormant



@ Rex Canning Co. Sdn. Bhd. has 30% equity interest in P.T. Rex Canning ("PT Rex")





#### 6. Goodwill on consolidation - Group

	2009 RM	2008 RM
At 1 January Less : Shortfall on profit guarantee (Note 29)	12,623,735 (502,296)	12,623,735
At 31 December	12,121,439	12,623,735

The above goodwill acquired is in respect of the Group's acquisition of the canned and frozen food subsidiaries.

#### (a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the canned and frozen food cash-generating unit ("CGU"). Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from cash-generating unit and also to apply a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of the Group's goodwill as at 31 December 2009 was approximately RM12,121,000 (2008: RM12,624,000).

#### (b) Recoverable amount based on value in use

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value in use calculations based on the following key assumptions:

- (i) Cash flows are projected based on the financial budgets approved by the Directors.
- (ii) Discount rate used for cash flows discounting purposes are the management's estimate of average cost of capital required in the respective segments. The discount rate applied for cash flow projections is at 5%.
- (iii) Profit margins are projected based on the industry trends, historical profit margin achieved or predetermined profit margin for food industry.

With regard to the assessment of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the recoverable amounts of the unit to be materially below its carrying amounts.

#### 7. Receivables, deposits and prepayments

			Group	Cor	npany
	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
Trade Trade receivables Less: Allowance for doubtful		41,171,834 (2,673,062)	36,897,071 (2,053,670)		
debts	7.1 / 7.2	38,498,772	34,843,401	\\.	-
Non-trade			1 2 2 2		
Subsidiaries (advances)	7.3	1000	and the second section in	31,369,050	30,576,698
Other receivables		4,513,637	7,166,730	-	-
Deposits		8,699,502	7,327,718	-	-
Prepayments		887,142	988,631	-	14,874
		14,100,281	15,483,079	31,369,050	30,591,572
		52,599,053	50,326,480	31,369,050	30,591,572





#### 7. Receivables, deposits and prepayments (Cont'd)

#### 7.1 Analysis of foreign currency exposure for significant receivables

Significant receivables outstanding at year end that are not in the functional currencies of the Group entities are as follows:

Functional currency	Foreign currency	2009 RM	2008 RM
RM Renminbi	USD USD	1,212,302 2,748,856	2,732,071 1,670,675
Rupiah	USD	2,505,585	8,481,370

#### 7.2 Allowance for doubtful debts

Included in trade receivables of the Group is an amount of approximately RM0.8 million (2008: RM0.7 million) which has been long outstanding. No allowance for doubtful debts has been made as the Directors are confident that based on the risk and probability assessed or recoverability of the amount, the Group will be able to recover the outstanding amount.

#### 7.3 Amount due from subsidiaries

The non-trade amount due from subsidiaries is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 8. Inventories, at cost - Group

	2009 RM	2008 RM
Raw materials Manufactured inventories Packing materials Consumables	19,941,161 33,609,224 8,377,535 636,038	22,665,809 28,305,435 8,042,488 605,803
	62,563,958	59,619,535

#### 9. Cash and cash equivalents

•	Group		Company	
	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	41,488	41,488	//	-
Cash and bank balances	10,200,596	14,169,062	8,411	9,962
	10,242,084	14,210,550	8,411	9,962

#### Analysis of foreign currency exposure for significant cash and cash balances

Significant cash and cash balances outstanding at year end that are not in the functional currencies of the Group entities are as follows:

Functional currency	Foreign currency	2009 RM	2008 RM
RM Renminbi	USD USD	577,009 416	723,904 616
Rupiah	USD	187,147	2,417,401



#### 10. Share capital - Group/Company

	2009		2008	
Ordinary shares of RM1 each	RM	Number of shares	RM	Number of shares
Authorised:				
Balance at 1 January/ 31 December	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid :				
Balance at 1 January/ 31 December	56,051,617	56,051,617	56,051,617	56,051,617

#### 11. Reserves

	Group		Company		
Non-distributable	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM	
Share premium	10,614,008	10,614,008	10,614,008	10,614,008	
Exchange fluctuation reserve	5,493,207	4,276,935	TOTAL		
Distributable	16,107,215	14,890,943	10,614,008	10,614,008	
Retained earnings	59,414,590	57,684,761	2,167,280	2,362,943	
	75,521,805	72,575,704	12,781,288	12,976,951	

#### Section 108 tax credit

Subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Board, the Company has Section 108 tax credit and exempt income to frank/distribute its entire retained earnings at 31 December 2009 if paid out as dividends.

The Finance Act 2007 introduced a single tier company income tax system with effect from year of assessment 2008. As such, the Section 108 tax credit as at 31 December 2009 will be available to the Company until such time the credit is fully utilised or upon expiry of the transitional period on 31 December 2013, whichever is earlier.





(Cont'd)

#### 12. Deferred tax liabilities - Group

The recognised deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	2009	2008
	RM	RM
Property, plant and equipment (including prepaid lease payments)		
- capital allowances	2,801,000	2,886,000
- revaluation	2,574,636	2,629,246
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(345,000)	(773,000)
Provisions	(67,000)	(19,000)
	4,963,636	4,723,246

Movement in temporary differences during the year

	At 1 January 2008 RM	Recognised in the income statement RM	At 31 December 2008 RM	Recognised in the income statement RM	At 31 December 2009 RM
Property, plant and equipment					
(including prepaid lease payments)					
- capital allowances	2,912,000	(26,000)	2,886,000	(85,000)	2,801,000
- revaluation	2,857,710	(228,464)	2,629,246	(54,610)	2,574,636
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(665,000)	(108,000)	(773,000)	428,000	(345,000)
Provisions	(13,000)	(6,000)	(19,000)	(48,000)	(67,000)
	5,091,710	(368,464)	4,723,246	240,390	4,963,636

Deferred tax have not been recognised in respect of the following items :

	2009 RM	2008 RM
Taxable temporary differences	(125,000)	(45,000)
Tax loss carry-forwards	1,035,000	794,000
Capital allowances	54,000	-
Others	263,000	263,000
	1,227,000	1,012,000

The tax loss carry-forwards, unabsorbed capital allowances and other temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits.

The comparative figures have been restated to reflect the revised tax loss carry-forwards, unabsorbed capital allowances and other temporary differences available to the Group.





10 P 1 0		
13. Borrowings - Group	2009	2008
Current	RM	RM
Unsecured	1,476,493	445,186
Bank overdrafts	93,750	443,100
BBA	2,528,233	2,523,488
Term loans - floating rate	22,531,000	25,336,000
Bankers' acceptances	3,000,000	
Revolving credit Finance lease liabilities	393,118	395,451
Non-current	30,022,594	28,700,125
Unsecured	3,814,730	3,908,480
BBA	3,456,243	5,949,086
Term loans - floating rate Finance lease liabilities	664,823	1,011,541
	7,935,796	10,869,107

The bank overdrafts bear interest rate at 1.50% (2008: 1.50%) per annum above the banks' base lending rates.

The Al-Bai Bithaman Ajil ("BBA") facility is subject to profit portion of 3.75% (2008: 3.75%) per annum.

The floating rate unsecured term loan bears interest rates as follows:

- Term Loan 1 (BLR plus 0.8% per annum)
- Term Loan 2 (BLR plus 1% per annum)

- Term Loan 3 (Cost of fund plus 1.55% per annum)

Other borrowings are subject to interest rates ranging from 2.82% to 4.91% (2008 : 3.40% to 5.32%) per annum.

2009	Year of maturity	Carrying amounts RM	Under 1 year RM	1 - 2 years RM	2 - 5 years RM	Over 5 years RM
Unsecured						
BBA	2014	3,908,480	93,750	830,370	2,984,360	-
Term loans - Floating rate	2011 -2014	5,984,476	2,528,233	3,374,861	81,382	-
Bankers' acceptances	2010	22,531,000	22,531,000		(A PATE	-
Bank overdrafts		1,476,493	1,476,493	-	-	-
Revolving credit	2010	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	2010 -2014	1,057,941	393,118	333,547	331,276	-
		37,958,390	30,022,594	4,538,778	3,397,018	-





(Cont'd)

#### 13. Borrowings - Group (Cont'd)

2008	Year of maturity	Carrying amounts RM	Under 1 year RM	1 - 2 years RM	2 - 5 years RM	Over 5 years RM
Unsecured						
BBA	2016	3,908,480	- Y		1	3,908,480
Term loans - Floating rate	2011 -2015	8,472,574	2,523,488	2,498,476	3,406,512	44,098
Bankers' acceptances	2009	25,336,000	25,336,000	-	-	-
Bank overdrafts		445,186	445,186	-	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	2010 -2013	1,406,992	395,451	383,519	628,022	-
		39,569,232	28,700,125	2,881,995	4,034,534	3,952,578

Finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

	Payments RM	- 2009 - Interest RM	Principal RM	Payments RM	- 2008 - Interest RM	Principal RM
Less than 1 year	447,897	54,779	393,118	449,760	54,309	395,451
Between 1 and 5 years	759,117	94,294	664,823	1,152,494	140,953	1,011,541
	1,207,014	149,073	1,057,941	1,602,254	195,262	1,406,992

The finance lease liabilities are subject to fixed interest rates ranging from 2.19% to 4.00% (2008:2.19% to 3.88%) per annum.

#### 14. Payables and accruals

\	Group			C	Company		
	Note	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM		
Trade							
Trade payables	14.1	8,368,132	10,774,376	-	-		
Non-trade							
Other payables		358,163	797,077	-	-		
Accrued expenses		2,989,291	3,501,251	56,099	15,105		
Amount due to Directors	14.2	346,098	194,717	68,026	61,500		
Amount due to subsidiaries	14.2	-	-	3,104,048	2,511,029		
		12,061,684	15,267,421	3,228,173	2,587,634		





#### 14. Payables and accruals (Cont'd)

#### 14.1 Analysis of foreign currency exposure for significant payables

Significant payables outstanding at year end that are not in the functional currencies of the Group entities are as follows:

Functional currency	Foreign currency	2009 RM	2008 RM
RM	USD	1,205	2,721
Rupiah	USD		1,301,425

#### 14.2 Amount due to Directors and subsidiaries

The non-trade amounts due to a Director and subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 15. Employee benefits

#### **Share-based payments**

On 12 December 2003, the Group established a share option programme that entitles employees to purchase shares in the Company. On 8 January 2004, a first grant was offered to the eligible employees of the Group.

As allowed by the transitional provisions in FRS 2, the recognition and measurement principles in FRS 2 have not been applied to this grant as they were granted prior to the effective date of FRS 2.

The terms and conditions of the grant are as follows:

		6478	<b>Vesting condition</b>		
	1 <sup>st</sup> Period until 07.01.2005	2 <sup>nd</sup> Period 08.01.2005 to 07.01.2006	3 <sup>rd</sup> Period 08.01.2006 to 07.01.2007	4 <sup>th</sup> Period 08.01.2007 to 07.01.2008	5 <sup>th</sup> Period 08.01.2008 to 07.01.2009
Directors and employees	20%	40%	60%	80%	100%

The number and exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	Exercise price 2009 RM	Number of options 2009 ('000)	Exercise price 2008 RM	Number of options 2008 ('000)
Outstanding at 1 January Exercised during the year Lapsed	1.25	3,212	1.25	3,282
	1.25	(3,212)	1.25	(70)
Outstanding at 31 December	-		1.25	3,212
Exercisable at 31 December	-		1.25	3,212





(Cont'd)

#### 16. Revenue

Revenue of the Company represents dividend income received from subsidiaries.

Revenue of the Group represents the invoiced value of goods sold less discounts and returns.

#### 17. Employee information - Group

Staff costs include contributions to the Employees' Provident Fund of RM723,645 (2008: RM682,969).

#### 18. Finance Costs

		Group
	2009	2008
	RM	RM
Interest Payable:		
Term loans	597,429	600,561
Bank overdrafts	42,737	79,219
Finance lease liabilities	54,589	45,511
Bankers' acceptances	599,026	998,011
Others	224,390	95,382
	1,518,171	1,818,684

#### 19. Profit before tax

Profit before tax is arrived at:				
	Gre	oup	Cor	npany
	2009	2008	2009	200

	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM
After charging:	KIVI	KIVI	KIVI	KIVI
7 11161 61141 91179 1				
Auditors' remuneration				
- Auditors of the Company				
- current year	60,000	63,000	14,000	14,000
- prior year	(3 ,000)	-	-	-
- Other auditors				
- current year	31,616	38,276	-	-
- prior year	-	8,375	-	-
Directors' emoluments				
Directors of the Company				
- Fees	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000
- Short term employee benefits	1,009,254	1,002,280	3,900	4,000
Other Directors				
- Fees	10,800	10,800	- "	-
<ul> <li>Short term employee benefits</li> </ul>	314,931	298,311		<u>.</u>
Depreciation of property, plant and				
equipment (Note 3)	3,700,592	4,108,958	- (	
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments				
(Note 4)	115,845	116,306	-	-
Allowance for doubtful debts	619,392	1,318,707	-	-
Rental of premises	227,842	155,148	-	-
Bad debts written off	_	1,788,846	-	-
Realised loss on foreign exchange	12,711	2,047,150	-	-
Inventories written off	479	-	-	-
and crediting:				
Dividend income (gross) from a subsidiary	_	-	1,122,240	1,142,280
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	80,133	67,009	-	-
Interest income	3,056	35,161		- 6
Rental income	23,100	26,080	-	
				Ref When

#### 20. Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensation are as follow:

		Group	Company		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Directors :					
Fees	109,800	109,800	99,000	99,000	
Remuneration	1,324,185	1,300,591	3,900	4,000	
	1,433,985	1,410,391	102,900	103,000	

#### 21. Tax expense

Recognised in the income statement	G	Group		Company	
	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM	
Tax expense on continuing operations	1,474,756	659,319	280,560	296,993	
Total tax expense	1,474,756	659,319	280,560	296,993	
Current tax expense					
Malaysia - current - prior year  Overseas	82,000 60,181 1,092,185	25,000 9,325 993,458	280,560	296,993	
	1,234,366	1,027,783	280,560	296,993	
Deferred tax expense					
- current - prior year	199,390 41,000	(464,464) 96,000	XXXX	-	
	240,390	(368,464)	1 05 R	-	
	1,474,756	659,319	280,560	296,993	

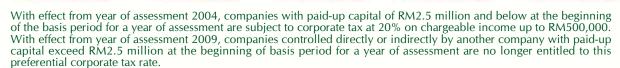




#### 21. Tax expense (cont'd)

#### Reconciliation of effective tax expense

neconciliation of enecute tax expense	(	Group		Company		
	2009 RM	2008 RM	2009 RM	2008 RM		
Profit for the year Total tax expense	2,570,603 1,474,756	3,274,001 659,319	645,111 280,560	627,438 296,993		
Profit excluding tax	4,045,359	3,933,320	925,671	924,431		
Income tax using Malaysian tax rate of 25% (2008 : 26%) Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	1,011,340 44,270	1,022,663 (1,055,028)	231,418	240,352		
Non-deductible expenses Effect of deferred tax assets not recognised Tax incentives	329,057 53,240 (73,381)	479,817 261,858 (95,612)	33,390	49,235		
Effect of change in tax rate * Other items	9,049	(65,102) 5,398	- 15,752	- 7,406		
	1,373,575	553,994	280,560	296,993		
Under provision in prior year	101,181	105,325	- 6			
Tax expense	1,474,756	659,319	280,560	296,993		



<sup>\*</sup> The corporate tax rates are at 26% for year assessment 2008 and 25% for the subsequent year of assessment. Consequently deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using these tax rates.

#### 22. Earnings per ordinary share - Group

#### Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share is based on the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of RM2,570,603 (2008: RM3,274,001) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year of 56,051,617 (2008: 56,051,617).

#### Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The fully diluted earnings per ordinary share is the same as the basic earnings per ordinary share as the effect of nondilutive potential ordinary shares are ignored in calculating diluted earnings per ordinary share in accordance with FRS 133 on Earnings per Share.





#### 23. Dividend - Group and Company

Dividends recognised in the financial year by the Group and the Company are as follows:

2009	Sen per share (net of tax)	Total amount RM	Date of payment
First and final 2008 ordinary	1.50	840,774	18 September 2009
<b>2008</b> First and final 2007 ordinary	1.48	829,564	22 September 2008

A first and final dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share less 25% tax in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2009 will be proposed for shareholders' approval for the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements do not reflect this dividend which, when approved by shareholders, will be accounted for as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2010.

The dividend per ordinary share as disclosed in the Income Statements takes into account the proposed first and final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2009.

#### 24. Contingent liabilities, unsecured - Company

#### Continuing financial support

The Company has undertaken to provide continuing financial support to certain subsidiaries to enable them to meet their financial obligation as and when they fall due.

#### Corporate guarantees

The Company has issued corporate guarantee to financial institutions for banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries up to a limit of RM82,700,000 (2008: RM102,300,000) of which RM37,201,000 (2008: RM34,439,000) were utilised as at balance sheet date.

#### 25. Capital commitment - Group

s. capital communent - Group	2009 RM	2008 RM
Contracted but not provided for in respect of property, plant and equipment within a year		754,409

#### 26. Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group or the Company if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group.

The significant related party transactions of the Company, other than key management personnel compensation as disclosed in Note 20 to the financial statements, are as follows:

Subsidiary - Rex Canning Co. Sdn. Bhd.

	KM	KM
Dividend income	1,122,240	1,142,280

2009

2008





(Cont'd)

#### 27. Segmental information - Group

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business and geographical segments. The primary format, business segments, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items mainly comprise interest-earning assets and revenue, interest-bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and tax assets and expenses.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property, plant and equipment, and prepaid lease payments.

#### **Business segments**

The Group's business segments mainly comprise the manufacture and distribution of canned and frozen food. Business segmental information has not been prepared as all the Group's revenue, operating profit, assets employed, liabilities, capital expenditure, depreciation and amortisation, and non-cash expenses are mainly confined to one business segment.

#### Geographical segments

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Segment assets are also based on the geographical location of assets.

	Malaysia RM	United States of America RM	Europe RM	Asia (excludes Malaysia) RM	Consolidated RM
2009					
Revenue from external customers					
by location of customers	61,686,704	56,085,195	16,440,917	28,460,510	162,673,326
Segment assets by location of assets	101,144,982	-	3,192	84,738,923	185,887,097
Unallocated assets	-	-	-	-	670,035
Total assets	101,144,982	-	3,192	84,738,923	186,557,132
Capital expenditure by location of assets	607,126	-1-1	20-20-2	726,029	1,333,155
2008					
Revenue from external customers by location of customers	65,664,247	63,947,651	16,638,054	27,924,925	174,174,877
Segment assets by location of assets	100,737,394	-	-	86,792,733	187,530,127
Unallocated assets	_	-	-	-	657,093
Total assets	100,737,394	-	-	86,792,773	188,187,220
Capital expenditure by location of assets	1,740,890	-	-	513,345	2,254,235





#### 28. Financial instruments

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

Exposure to credit, interest rate, currency and liquidity risk arises in the normal course of the Group's and the Company's business. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

#### Credit risk

Credit sales are made to various customers and credit terms are pre-agreed. The Board will monitor adherence to the credit terms in order to minimise any credit risk exposure to the Group.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group borrows from licensed banks to finance its working capital at interest rates which are relatively competitive compared to interest rates of similar instruments in the market.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group incurs foreign currency risk on sales and purchases which are denominated in a currency other than Ringgit Malaysia. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily US Dollar. The Board monitors the Group's exposure to these risks on an ongoing basis, and where necessary.

At any point in time, the Group also hedges a significant portion of its foreign currency exposure by booking forward its sales. Where necessary, the forward exchange contracts are rolled over at maturity at market rates.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance their operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

#### **Effective interest rates**

In respect of interest-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and the periods in which they reprice or mature, whichever is earlier.

Group	effective interest rate per annum %	Total RM	Within 1 year RM	1 - 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
·					
2009					
Financial assets					
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	2.75	41,488	41,488		-
Financial liabilities					
Bank overdrafts	7.05	1,476,493	1,476,493	-	-
Bankers' acceptances	3.28	22,531,000	22,531,000	-	-
BBA	3.75	3,908,480	93,750	3,814,730	-
Term loans	6.40	E 004 476	5.004.476		
- Floating rate Finance lease liabilities	6.40	5,984,476	5,984,476	-	-
Revolving credit	2.56	1,057,941	393,118	664,823	-
Revolving Credit	4.21	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-





(Cont'd)

#### 28. Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Group	Average effective interest rate per annum %	Total RM	Within 1 year RM	1 - 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2008					
Financial assets					
Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	3.00	41,488	41,488	THE POST	-
Financial liabilities					
Bank overdrafts Bankers' acceptances BBA Term loans	8.25 3.80 3.75	445,186 25,336,000 3,908,480	445,186 25,336,000	() 0	3,908,480
- Floating rate Finance lease liabilities	6.50 2.10	8,472,574 1,406,992	8,472,574 395,451	- 1,011,541	-

#### Fair values

#### Recognised financial instruments

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and short term borrowings, the carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

The Company provides financial guarantees to banks for credit facilities extended to certain subsidiaries. The fair value of such financial guarantees is not expected to be material as the probability of the subsidiaries defaulting on the credit lines is remote.

The aggregate fair values of the other financial liabilities carried on the balance sheet as at 31 December are shown below:

	2009			2008	
Group	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
	amount	value	amount	value	
	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Financial liabilities					
Finance lease liabilities	1,057,941	*1,057,941	1,406,992	*1,406,992	
BBA	3,908,480	*3,908,480	3,908,480	*3,908,480	

\*The fair value of this fixed interest financial instrument is determined by discounting the relevant cash flows using current interest rates for similar financial instruments at the balance sheet date. Since the current interest rates do not significantly differ from the intrinsic rate of this financial instrument, the fair value of this financial instrument therefore, closely approximate its carrying value as at the balance sheet date.

There were no unrecognised financial instruments at balance sheet date.

#### 29. Profit guarantee - Group and Company

Pursuant to the Profit Guarantee Agreement ("the Agreement") in connection with the acquisition of 70% of the issued and paid-up capital in PT Rex Canning ("PT Rex"), the Vendors of PT Rex have guaranteed that the profit after tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2006, 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2008 of RM4,470,000, RM5,200,000 and RM6,270,000 respectively. Based on the results for the year ended 31 December 2008, there was a shortfall of RM502,296 and the shortfall was paid by the Vendors to the Group and the Company during the year and has been recognised as reduction in Goodwill and Investment in subsidiaries respectively.



## Statement by Directors

#### Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act, 1965

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 30 to 67 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company at 31 December 2009 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Dato' Abdul Rashid Bin Ismail

Lee Hee Thiam

Penang,

Date: 28 April 2010

#### Statutory declaration pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, Lee Hee Thiam, the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of Rex Industry Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 30 to 67 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Georgetown in the State of Penang on 28 April 2010.

Lee Hee Thiam

Before me: Cheah Beng Sun, DJN, AMN, PKT, PJK, PTM, PK (No. P103) Pesuruhjaya Sumpah (Commissioner for Oaths) Penang.





# Independent Auditors' Report To The Members Of Rex Industry Berhad (Company No. 282664 - K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Rex Industry Berhad, which comprise the balance sheets as at 31 December 2009 of the Group and of the Company, and the income statements, statements of changes in equity and cash flow statements of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 30 to 67.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2009 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.





# Independent Auditors' Report To The Members Of Rex Industry Berhad (Company No. 282664 - K) (Incorporated in Malaysia) (Cont'd)

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) We have considered the accounts and the auditors' reports of all the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 5 to the financial statements.
- c) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- d) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

#### **Other Matters**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

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Wen

KPMG AF 0758 Chartered Accountants

Date: 28 April 2010

Penang

B

Ooi Kok Seng 2432/05/11 (J) Chartered Accountant







# Properties Owned by the Group

#### Details of the landed properties of REX Industry Group are as follows:-

(Rex Canning)

Location/ (Registered owner)	Description (Lot / Title No)	Tenure (Approx age of building)	Land area (Built up) (sq. ft)	Net Book Value (31.12.2009) (RM)
No. 5099 Lorong Mak Mandin 6 Industrial Estate (Rex Canning)	Industrial land with factory (Lot 119 / QT (R) PWN35) Expiry Date: 09/11/2065	99 years with 57 years remaining (42 years)	29, 125 (25,000) sq.ft	2,799,750
No. 5099 Lorong Mak Mandin 6 Industrial Estate (Rex Canning)	Industrial land with factory (Lot 270 / HS (D) 768) Expiry Date: 20/09/2041	60 years with 33 years remaining (24 & 19 years)	1 acre (35,000) sq. ft	1,446,011
Plot 125 Bukit Minyak Industrial Park Seberang Perai(T) (Rex Canning)	Industrial land with factory (Plot 125) Expiry Date: 02/01/2058	60 years with 49 years remaining (11 years)	6 acres (261,571) sq. ft	16,655,985
Plot 42 & 43 Taman Airmas Seberang Perai (U) (Rex Canning)	Residential Premises (Lot 4639 / HS (D) 3363) (Lot 4654 / HS (D)3378)	Freehold land	(1,086) sq. ft	125,397
Lot 68 & 69 Subang Light Industrial Park Petaling Jaya, Selangor (Fika Foods Corporation)	Leasehold Land with factory Expiry Date: 10/10/2088	96 years with 80 years remaining (16 years)	(4,500) sq. ft	521,880
31, Jalan Satria 17, JB Perdana Industri Park, 81300 Skudai, Johor. (Rex Canning)	Industrial Land with Factory (HS (D) 127746 PTO 38109)		(3,300) sq. ft	288,785
JL. Raya Beji Km 4 No 42 Beji, Pasuraun, Jawa Timur, Indonesia (P.T.Rex Canning)	Industrial Land with Factory		(252,207) sq. ft	6,183,695
Jiedong Economic Development Experimental Zone (Jie Yang Rex Foods)	Leasehold Land with Factory Expiry Date: 20/01/2046	50 years with 37 years remaining (13 years)	6.88 acres (299,693) sq. ft	3,810,140
Lot No. 59712 Mukim Petaling Daerah Petaling Negeri Selangor	Industrial Land with Factory Geran No. 72528		(2,000) sq. ft	704,482





# PREMIUM QUALITY FOODS

Plot 125, Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5, 14100 Simpang Ampat, Śeberang Perai Tengah, Penang, Malaysia. Tel: 604-5088 288 Fax: 604-5088 670 Email: rexcan@tm.net.my REX CANNING CO. SDN. BHD. (13079-V) (A Subsidiary of REX INDUSTRY BERHAD)







## **Proxy Form**



I/We	(Full Name in Block Letter)			
NRIC No				
of				
	(Address)			
peing a member/members of Rex Industr	Berhad, hereby appoint			
	(Full Name in Block Letter)			
of	(Address)		OKCONI.	
or failing him the Chairman of the meeti Meeting of the Company, to be held at Ba Seberang Jaya, Seberang Jaya, 13700 Prai,	au Room, Level 2, Sunway Hotel Sebe	erang Jaya, No.11 Lebuh Te	nggiri Dua,	Pusat Banda
No. RESOLUTIONS	Tenang on Tuesday, 29 June 2010 at	10.00 a.m. and at any adjot	FOR	AGAINST
1 Ordinary Resolution 1			1011	7107111101
2 Ordinary Resolution 2				
3 Ordinary Resolution 3				
4(a) Ordinary Resolution 4				
4(b) Ordinary Resolution 5				
Ordinary Resolution 6				
5 Ordinary Resolution 7				
6 Ordinary Resolution 8				
7 Special Resolution 1				
n the case if more than one proxy is appo ollows:		eholding to be represented		-234
First named proxy Held	°/ <sub>0</sub>		No. o	of Shares
Second named proxy	100%			
Signed this day of	2010			
Signature of Members  Notes :-				
<ol> <li>A proxy may but need not be a member the Company.</li> </ol>	er of the Company and the provision	s of Section 149 (1) (b) of t	he Act shall	I not apply t
<ol><li>For a proxy to be valid, the proxy form Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5,14 hours before the time fixed for holding</li></ol>	100 Simpang Ampat, Seberang Perai	Tengah, Pulau Pinang, not		

said securities account.

3. A member shall be entitled to appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting, provided that the provisions

4. Where a member appoints up to two (2) proxies, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his holdings

5. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Centrel Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each securities account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the

6. If the appointor is a corporation, this form must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney.

of Section 149(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 1965 are complied with.

to be represented by each porxy.





Plot 125, Jalan Perindustrian Bukit Minyak 5, 14100 Simpang Ampat, Seberang Perai Tengah, Penang, Malaysia. Tel: 604 - 5088 288 (Hunting) Fax: 604 - 5088 566/7 E-mail: rexcan@tm.net.my